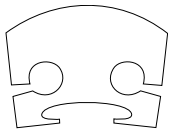


**Steglein**  
*Publishing, Inc.*

# *2003 Catalog*



Steglein Publishing, Inc.  
3588 Plymouth Road  
Suite 377  
Ann Arbor, MI 48105-2603  
<http://www.steglein.com>

Steglein Publishing, Inc. publishes music from the eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries as well as books related to music of the period. Musical texts are edited by specialists in late-Baroque and Classical styles and adhere to present-day scholarly and editorial standards.

*The Early String Quartet* is Steglein's first series and is under the general editorship of Cliff Eisen. Four volumes of quartets (scores and parts) will appear each year exploring works composed during several decades of explosive growth in the genre's popularity and cultivation, from circa 1760 to 1830. Included will be works from Germany, Austria, Bohemia, France, Italy, England, the Americas and elsewhere. Each volume will generally consist of a published opus by a single composer (usually of six, sometimes of three quartets), but may also contain works from more than one opus or works that survive only in manuscript copies and were not necessarily intended to form a coherent set.

Steglein Publishing's 2003 catalog contains the first four volumes of *The Early String Quartet* plus announcements of new releases planned for 2004, including our first book publication and a new series devoted to music from the archives of the Sing-Akademie zu Berlin.

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# *The Early String Quartet*

Cliff Eisen, general editor

Volume 1

## Giovanni Battista Viotti

### Six String Quartets, Opus 1

(White II:1–6)

Edited by Cliff Eisen

King's College, London

Giovanni Battista Viotti was perhaps the most accomplished violinist of the late eighteenth century. His playing exerted a profound influence on composers and fellow violinists alike. Indeed, the so-called “French School” of violin playing codified at the Paris *Conservatoire* by Baillot, Rode and others was based largely on Viotti’s technique. Viotti was an early proponent of the *quatuor concertant* style of string quartet writing, in which each instrument is given prominent material in turn. Viotti chose these Op. 1 quartets to introduce himself as a published composer to the Parisian public.

ISBN 0-9719854-0-5

ISSN 1539-879X; v. 1

9 in x 12 in

Score: xvi, 124 pages

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# *The Early String Quartet*

Cliff Eisen, general editor

Volume 2

## Luigi Boccherini

### Six String Quartets, Opus 32

(Gérard 201–206)

Edited by Mark W. Knoll

Steglein Publishing, Ann Arbor

Luigi Boccherini is considered with Franz Joseph Haydn to be the co-inventor of the genre of string quartet. His earliest efforts were written just a few years after Haydn's first quartet-divertimentos and almost certainly without knowledge of Haydn's works. Later, working in relative isolation in Spain, Boccherini refined his personal chamber music style primarily through his string quartets and quintets. He composed over 90 quartets—more than just a handful of other composers—and achieved much success publishing them primarily in Paris. The Op. 32 quartets, however, first appeared in print in Vienna.

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ISSN 1539-879X; v. 2

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Score: xvi, 119 pages

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Set of 4 parts: US \$20.00

Standing order for score and parts: US \$60.00

Ordering information on page 12 or at [www.steglein.com](http://www.steglein.com)

# Quartet No. 1 in E-flat major

for two violins, viola and violoncello

Op. 32/1 (G. 201)

Allegretto lentarello e affettuoso

Violin I  
dolcis.  
p

Violin II  
p

Viola  
p

Violoncello  
pp

5  
[f]  
p  
f  
f

9  
poco f  
poco f  
p  
[poco f]  
poco f

13  
p  
[p]  
tr  
[p]  
tr  
p

# *The Early String Quartet*

Cliff Eisen, general editor

Volume 3

## Adalbert Gyrowetz

### Three String Quartets, Opus 44

Edited by W. Dean Sutcliffe  
St. Catharine's College, Cambridge

Adalbert Gyrowetz (Vojtěch Jírovec) was born in Bohemia and travelled extensively throughout Europe before finally settling in Vienna. Although Gyrowetz was seven years older than Beethoven, he outlived him by an astonishing 23 years. Early in his composing career Gyrowetz concentrated on instrumental music, which remained popular even after his appointment to the Viennese Court Theater in 1804 (the young Chopin made his debut in Poland in 1818 playing a Gyrowetz concerto). After 1804, however, Gyrowetz devoted himself almost exclusively to theatrical music. The Op. 44 quartets were among the last of his instrumental works to appear before he turned to the theater.

ISBN 0-9719854-2-1

ISSN 1539-879X; v. 3

9 in x 12 in

Score: xxx, 113 pages

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# Quartet No. 1 in G major

for two violins, viola, and violoncello

Op. 44/1

Allegro

Musical score for measures 1-5. The score is for four instruments: Violin I, Violin II, Viola, and Violoncello. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. Measure 1: Violin I has a half note G4 (p), followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II, Viola, and Violoncello are silent. Measure 2: Violin I has a half note G4 (fp), followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4 (fp). Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4 (fp). Measure 3: Violin I has a half note G4 (fp), followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4 (fp). Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4 (fp). Measure 4: Violin I has a half note G4 (fp), followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4 (fp). Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4 (fp). Measure 5: Violin I has a half note G4 (fp), followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4 (fp). Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4 (fp).

Musical score for measures 6-11. Measure 6: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5 (tr). Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5 (tr). Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 7: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5 (tr). Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5 (tr). Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 8: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5 (tr). Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5 (tr). Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 9: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5 (tr). Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5 (tr). Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 10: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5 (tr). Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5 (tr). Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 11: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5 (tr). Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5 (tr). Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4.

Musical score for measures 12-17. Measure 12: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 13: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 14: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 15: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 16: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 17: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4.

Musical score for measures 18-23. Measure 18: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 19: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 20: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 21: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 22: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4. Measure 23: Violin I has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Violin II has a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. Viola and Violoncello have a half note G4.

# *The Early String Quartet*

Cliff Eisen, general editor

Volume 4

## Ignaz Pleyel

### Six String Quartets, Opus 1

(Benton 301–306)

Edited by Simon Keefe

City University, London

Ignaz Pleyel's Op. 1 string quartets earned praise from no less an authority than Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart, who recommended them highly to his father, calling them "very well written and most pleasing to listen to." Contemporaries seem to have agreed, as Pleyel's first set of quartets was published in over 20 editions as well as in countless other arrangements, including vocal transcriptions! Pleyel was a pupil of Haydn, which did not go unnoticed by Mozart, who continued in the letter to his father, "You will see at once who was his master. Well, it will be a lucky day for music if later on Pleyel should be able to replace Haydn."

ISBN 0-9719854-4-8

ISSN 1539-879X; v. 4

9 in x 12 in

Score: xxii, 154 pages

Score: US \$60.00

Set of 4 parts: US \$20.00

Standing order for score and parts: US \$60.00

Ordering information on page 12 or at [www.steglein.com](http://www.steglein.com)

# Quartet No. 1 in C major

for two violins, viola, and violoncello

Op. 1/1 (Benton 301)

Allegro

Musical score for measures 1-4. The score is in C major and 4/4 time. It features four staves: Violin I, Violin II, Viola, and Violoncello. Violin I starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic and plays a melodic line. Violin II plays a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes. Viola plays a sustained chord. Violoncello plays a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes, marked with *pizz.* and *[p]*.

Musical score for measures 5-8. The score continues with the same instrumentation. Violin I plays a melodic line with some grace notes. Violin II continues with eighth notes. Viola plays a sustained chord. Violoncello continues with eighth notes.

Musical score for measures 9-12. The score continues with the same instrumentation. Violin I plays a melodic line with grace notes. Violin II continues with eighth notes. Viola plays a sustained chord. Violoncello continues with eighth notes.

Musical score for measures 13-16. The score continues with the same instrumentation. Violin I plays a melodic line with a trill (*tr*) and a forte (*f*) dynamic. Violin II plays a melodic line with a forte (*f*) dynamic. Viola plays a melodic line with a forte (*f*) dynamic and *col'arco* marking. Violoncello plays a melodic line with a forte (*f*) dynamic. There are also some markings like *[fz]* and *fz* in the later measures.

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*Music in 18th-Century Life*  
Cities, Courts, Churches

Proceedings of the Society for Eighteenth Century Music's conference  
in Washington DC, 30 April–02 May 2004

# PLANNED FOR 2004 ❖



## Music from the rediscovered archives of the *Sing-Akademie zu Berlin*

A series drawn from the over 5000 works considered lost since 1945, but which resurfaced in Kiev in 1999 and have now been returned to Berlin. Mostly collected by the Sing-Akademie's first two directors, Carl Friedrich Fasch and Carl Friedrich Zelter, the largely uncataloged archives promise to yield delightful surprises for years to come.

### Gottfried Heinrich Stölzel: 5 Arias from *Diomedes* for soprano and strings

Er ist die Ursach meines Leidens  
Geht, ihr Küsse  
Mein Glücke steht in deinen Händen  
Bist du bei mir, geh ich mit Freuden  
Sage mir doch, werthes Glücke

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for soprano, 2 violins, viola, and basso continuo

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Viola  
Soprano  
Basso

semper piano

Bist du bei mir geh' ich mit Freuden zum Sterben

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